commerce through the connection or affiliation of the person with such organization; and

"(3) commits an act in furtherance of illicit sexual conduct through the connection or affiliation of the person with such organization,

shall be fined under this title, imprisoned for not more than 30 years, or both.";

- (2) in subsection (f), as so redesignated, by striking "or (d)" and inserting "(d), or (e)"; and
- (3) in subsection (i), as so redesignated, by striking "(f)(2)" and inserting "(g)(2)".

SEC. 4005. SEXUAL ACTIVITY WITH MINORS.

Section 2427 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting "does not require interpersonal physical contact, and" before "includes"

TITLE V—DISCLOSING FOREIGN INFLUENCE IN LOBBYING

SEC. 5001. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Disclosing Foreign Influence in Lobbying Act".

SEC. 5002. CLARIFICATION OF CONTENTS OF REGISTRATION.

Section 4(b) of the Lobbying Disclosure Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1603(b)) is amended—

- (1) in paragraph (6), by striking "and" at the end; and
- (2) in paragraph (7), by striking "the offense." and inserting the following: "the offense; and
- "(8) notwithstanding paragraph (4), the name and address of each government of a foreign country (including any agency or subdivision of a foreign government, such as a regional or municipal unit of government) and foreign political party, other than the client, that participates in the direction, planning, supervision, or control of any lobbying activities of the registrant."

TITLE VI—AMENDMENTS TO THE CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES ACT

SEC. 6001. AMENDMENTS TO THE CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES ACT.

Section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 802) is amended—

- Act (21 U.S.C. 802) is amended—
 (1) by redesignating paragraph (58) as para-
- (2) by redesignating the second paragraph designated as paragraph (57) (relating to the definition of "serious drug felony") as paragraph (58); and
- (3) by moving paragraphs (57), (58) (as so redesignated), and (59) (as so redesignated) 2 ems to the left.

TITLE VII—FIGHTING POST-TRAUMATIC STRESS DISORDER

SEC. 7001. SHORT TITLE.

graph (59):

This title may be cited as the "Fighting Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder Act of 2022". SEC. 7002. FINDINGS.

Congress finds the following:

- (1) Public safety officers serve their communities with bravery and distinction in order to keep their communities safe.
- (2) Public safety officers, including police officers, firefighters, emergency medical technicians, and 911 dispatchers, are on the front lines of dealing with situations that are stressful, graphic, harrowing, and lifethreatening.
- (3) The work of public safety officers puts them at risk for developing post-traumatic stress disorder and acute stress disorder.
- (4) It is estimated that 30 percent of public safety officers develop behavioral health conditions at some point in their lifetimes, including depression and post-traumatic stress disorder, in comparison to 20 percent of the general population that develops such conditions.
- (5) Victims of post-traumatic stress disorder and acute stress disorder are at a higher risk of dying by suicide.

- (6) Firefighters have been reported to have higher suicide attempt and ideation rates than the general population.
- (7) It is estimated that between 125 and 300 police officers die by suicide every year.
- (8) In 2019, pursuant to section 2(b) of the Law Enforcement Mental Health and Wellness Act of 2017 (Public Law 115–113; 131 Stat. 2276), the Director of the Office of Community Oriented Policing Services of the Department of Justice developed a report (referred to in this section as the "LEMHWA report") that expressed that many law enforcement agencies do not have the capacity or local access to the mental health professionals necessary for treating their law enforcement officers.
- (9) The LEMHWA report recommended methods for establishing remote access or regional mental health check programs at the State or Federal level.
- (10) Individual police and fire departments generally do not have the resources to employ full-time mental health experts who are able to treat public safety officers with state-of-the-art techniques for the purpose of treating job-related post-traumatic stress disorder and acute stress disorder.

SEC. 7003. PROGRAMMING FOR POST-TRAUMATIC STRESS DISORDER.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) PUBLIC SAFETY OFFICER.—The term "public safety officer"—
- (A) has the meaning given the term in section 1204 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10284); and
- (B) includes Tribal public safety officers.
- (2) PUBLIC SAFETY TELECOMMUNICATOR.— The term "public safety telecommunicator" means an individual who—
- (A) operates telephone, radio, or other communication systems to receive and communicate requests for emergency assistance at 911 public safety answering points and emergency operations centers;
- (B) takes information from the public and other sources relating to crimes, threats, disturbances, acts of terrorism, fires, medical emergencies, and other public safety matters; and
- (C) coordinates and provides information to law enforcement and emergency response personnel.
- (b) REPORT.—Not later than 150 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Attorney General, acting through the Director of the Office of Community Oriented Policing Services of the Department of Justice, shall submit to the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives a report on—
- (1) not fewer than 1 proposed program, if the Attorney General determines it appropriate and feasible to do so, to be administered by the Department of Justice for making state-of-the-art treatments or preventative care available to public safety officers and public safety telecommunicators with regard to job-related post-traumatic stress disorder or acute stress disorder by providing public safety officers and public safety telecommunicators access to evidence-based trauma-informed care, peer support, counselor services, and family supports for the purpose of treating or preventing post-traumatic stress disorder or acute stress disorder;
- (2) a draft of any necessary grant conditions required to ensure that confidentiality is afforded to public safety officers on account of seeking the care or services described in paragraph (1) under the proposed program:
- (3) how each proposed program described in paragraph (1) could be most efficiently administered throughout the United States at the State, Tribal, territorial, and local lev-

- els, taking into account in-person and telehealth capabilities;
- (4) a draft of legislative language necessary to authorize each proposed program described in paragraph (1); and
- (5) an estimate of the amount of annual appropriations necessary for administering each proposed program described in paragraph (1).
- (c) DEVELOPMENT.—In developing the report required under subsection (b), the Attorney General shall consult relevant stakeholders, including—
- (1) Federal, State, Tribal, territorial, and local agencies employing public safety officers and public safety telecommunicators; and
- (2) non-governmental organizations, international organizations, academies, or other entities, including organizations that support the interests of public safety officers and public safety telecommunicators and the interests of family members of public safety officers and public safety telecommunicators.

SA 6605. Mr. HAGERTY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 2617, to amend section 1115 of title 31, United States Code, to amend the description of how performance goals are achieved, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end, add the following:

DIVISION KK—REPORTING OF THIRD PARTY NETWORK TRANSACTIONS SEC. 1. SHORT TITLE.

This division may be cited as the "Stop the Nosy Obsession with Online Payments Act of 2022" or the "SNOOP Act of 2022".

SEC. 2. REPEAL OF MODIFICATION OF EXCEP-TIONS FOR REPORTING OF THIRD PARTY NETWORK TRANSACTIONS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 6050W(e) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended to read as follows:
- "(e) EXCEPTION FOR DE MINIMIS PAYMENTS BY THIRD PARTY SETTLEMENT ORGANIZA-TIONS.—A third party settlement organization shall be required to report any information under subsection (a) with respect to third party network transactions of any participating payee only if—
- "(1) the amount which would otherwise be reported under subsection (a)(2) with respect to such transactions exceeds \$20,000, and
- "(2) the aggregate number of such transactions exceeds 200.".
- (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 6050W(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by striking "described in subsection (d)(3)(A)(iii)".
 - (c) Effective Date.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall apply to returns for calendar years beginning after December 31, 2021.
- (2) CLARIFICATION.—The amendment made by subsection (b) shall apply to transactions after the date of the enactment of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021.

SA 6606. Mr. RISCH (for himself, Mr. ROMNEY, Mr. CORNYN, Mr. HAGERTY, and Mr. SULLIVAN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 6552 proposed by Mr. LEAHY to the bill H.R. 2617, to amend section 1115 of title 31, United States Code, to amend the description of how performance goals are achieved, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 1858, line 19, strike "SEC. 1805" and insert the following: